General

In order to maintain a safe, civil, and supportive learning environment, all forms of sexual harassment and discrimination on the basis of sex are prohibited. This policy shall cover employees, employees’ behaviors, students, and students’ behaviors while on school property, at any school-sponsored activity, on school-provided equipment or transportation, or at any official school bus stop in accordance with federal law. This policy shall be disseminated annually to all school staff, students, and parent(s)/guardian(s). The Title IX Coordinator as well as any personnel chosen to facilitate the grievance process shall not have a conflict of interest against any party of the complaint. These individuals shall receive training as to how to promptly and equitably resolve student and employee complaints.

All employees shall receive training on complying with this policy and federal law.

TITLE IX COORDINATOR

The Title IX Coordinator shall respond promptly to all general reports as well as formal complaints of sexual harassment. He/she shall be kept informed by school-level personnel of all investigations and shall provide input on an ongoing basis as appropriate.

Any individual may contact the Title IX Coordinator at any time using the information below:

Title: Pam Walden/Federal Projects

Mailing address: 172 Valley Street, Jacksboro, Tennessee 37757

Phone number: (423)562-8377

Email: pam.walden@ccpstrn.net

DEFINITIONS

“Complainant” is an individual who is alleged to be the victim of conduct that could constitute sexual harassment.

“Respondent” is an individual who is reported to be the perpetrator of conduct that could constitute sexual harassment.

“Sexual harassment” is conduct on the basis of sex that satisfies one or more of the following:
1. A school district employee conditioning an aid, benefit, or service of an education program or activity on an individual's participation in unwelcome sexual conduct;

2. Unwelcome conduct determined by a reasonable person to be so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it effectively denies a person equal access to the education program or activity; or

3. Sexual assault,\(^6\) dating violence,\(^7\) domestic violence,\(^8\) or stalking\(^9\) as defined in state and federal law.

Behaviors that constitute sexual harassment may include, but are not limited to:

1. Sexually suggestive remarks;

2. Verbal harassment or abuse;

3. Sexually suggestive pictures;

4. Sexually suggestive gesturing;

5. Harassing or sexually suggestive or offensive messages that are written or electronic;

6. Subtle or direct propositions for sexual favors; and

7. Touching of a sexual nature.

Sexual harassment may be directed against a particular person or persons, or a group, whether of the opposite sex or the same sex.

“Supportive measures” are non-disciplinary, non-punitive, individualized services and shall be offered to the complainant and the respondent, as appropriate. These measures may include, but are not limited to, the following:

1. Counseling;

2. Course modifications;

3. Schedule changes; and

4. Increased monitoring or supervision.

The measures offered to the complainant and the respondent shall remain confidential to the extent that maintaining such confidentiality would not impair the ability of the school district to provide the supportive measures.

GRIEVANCE PROCESS
Upon learning of an instance of alleged sexual harassment, even if no formal complaint is filed, the Title IX Coordinator shall:

1. Promptly contact the complainant to discuss the availability of supportive measures;

2. Consider the complainant’s wishes with respect to supportive measures;

3. Inform the complainant of the availability of supportive measures; and

4. Explain the process for filing a formal complaint.\textsuperscript{10}

While the school district will respect the confidentiality of the complainant and the respondent as much as possible, some information may need to be disclosed to appropriate individuals. All disclosures shall be consistent with the school district’s legal obligations and the necessity to investigate allegations of harassment and take disciplinary action.

Disciplinary consequences or sanctions shall not be initiated against the respondent until the grievance process has been completed. Unless there is an immediate threat to the physical health or safety of any student arising from the allegation of sexual harassment that justifies removal, the respondent’s placement shall not be changed.\textsuperscript{11} If the respondent is an employee, he/she may be placed on administrative leave during the pendency of the grievance process.\textsuperscript{12} The Title IX Coordinator shall keep the Director of Schools informed of any employee respondents so that he/she can make any necessary reports to the State Board of Education in compliance with state law.\textsuperscript{13}

\textbf{Complaints}

Any individual who has knowledge of behaviors that may constitute a violation of this policy shall immediately report such information to the Title IX Coordinator, however, nothing in this policy requires a complainant to either report or file a formal complaint within a certain timeframe. If the complaint involves the Title IX Coordinator, the complaint shall be filed with the Director of Schools.

If a complaint involves allegations of child abuse, including child abuse on school grounds, appropriate notification shall be made per the board policy on reporting child abuse.

Upon receipt of a formal complaint, the Title IX Coordinator shall promptly:\textsuperscript{14}

1. Provide written notice of the allegations, and the grievance process to all known parties to give the respondent time to prepare a response before an initial interview;

2. Inform the parties of the prohibition against making false statement or knowingly submitting false information;

3. Inform the parties that they may have an advisor present during any subsequent meetings; and

4. Offer supportive measures in an equitable manner to both parties.
If the Title IX Coordinator dismisses a complaint, written notice, including the reasons for dismissal, shall be provided to both parties simultaneously.15

Investigations16

[NOTE: While the Title IX Coordinator may serve as the investigator, the investigator, decision-maker, and the entity that hears appeals must all be separate persons/entities. If the Title IX Coordinator serves as the investigator in your district, modify the language accordingly.]

The [Federal Project Director] shall serve as the investigator and be responsible for investigating complaints in an equitable manner that involves an objective evaluation of all relevant evidence. The burden for obtaining evidence sufficient to reach a determination regarding responsibility rests on the school district and not the complainant or respondent.

Once a complaint is received, the Investigator shall initiate an investigation within forty-eight (48) hours of receipt of the complaint. If an investigation is not initiated within forty-eight (48) hours, the investigator shall provide the Title IX Coordinator with appropriate documentation detailing the reasons why the investigation was not initiated within the required timeframe.

All investigations shall be completed within twenty (20) calendar days from the receipt of the initial complaint. If the investigation is not complete within twenty (20) calendar days, the investigator shall provide the Title IX Coordinator with appropriate documentation detailing the reasons why the investigation has not been completed.

All investigations shall:

1. Provide an equal opportunity for the parties to present witnesses and evidence;

2. Not restrict the ability of either party to discuss the allegations under investigation or gather and present relevant evidence;

3. Refrain from requiring, allowing, relying upon, or otherwise using questions or evidence that seek disclosure of information protected under a legally recognized privilege unless such privilege has been waived;17

4. Provide the parties with the same opportunities to have others present during any grievance proceeding;

5. Provide to parties whose participation is requested written notice of the date, time, location, participants, and purpose of all investigative interviews, or other meetings, with sufficient time for the party to prepare to participate;

6. Provide both parties an equal opportunity to inspect and review any evidence directly related to the allegations in the formal complaint; and

7. Result in the creation of an investigative report that fairly summarizes relevant evidence.
a. Prior to the completion of the investigative report, the investigator shall send to each party the evidence subject to inspection and review. All parties shall have at least ten (10) days to submit a written response which shall be taken into consideration in creating the final report.

Within the parameters of the federal Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, the Title IX Coordinator shall keep the complainant and the respondent informed of the status of the investigation process. At the close of the investigation, a written final report on the investigation will be delivered to the parent(s)/guardian(s) of the complainant, parent(s)/guardian(s) of the respondent, and to the Director of Schools.

**Determination of Responsibility**

The respondent is presumed not responsible for the alleged conduct until a determination regarding responsibility is made at the conclusion of the grievance process. The **clear and convincing evidence standard** shall be used in making this determination.

The Director of Schools shall act as the decision-maker. He/she shall receive the final report of the investigation and allow each party the opportunity to submit written questions that he/she wants asked of any party or witness prior to the determining responsibility.

The decision-maker shall make a determination regarding responsibility and provide the written determination to the parties simultaneously along with information about how to file an appeal.

A substantiated charge against a student may result in corrective or disciplinary action up to and including expulsion. A substantiated charge against an employee shall result in disciplinary action up to and including termination.

After a determination of responsibility is made, the Title IX Coordinator shall work with the complainant to determine if further supportive measures are necessary. The Title IX Coordinator shall also determine whether any other actions are necessary to prevent reoccurrence of the harassment.

**APPEALS**

Either party may appeal from a determination of responsibility based on a procedural irregularity that affected the outcome, new evidence that was not reasonably available at the time of the determination that could affect the outcome, or an alleged conflict of interest on the part of the Title IX Coordinator or any personnel chosen to facilitate the grievance process. Appeals shall be submitted to the Title IX Coordinator within ten (10) days of a determination of responsibility.

Upon receipt of an appeal, the Title IX Coordinator shall:

1. Assign an impartial hearing officer [person to be named] within five (5) days of receipt of the appeal; and
2. Notify the parties in writing.
During the appeal process, the parties shall have a reasonable, equal opportunity to submit written statements. Within ten (10) calendar days, the hearing officer shall issue a written decision describing the result of the appeal and the rationale for the result. The written decision shall be provided simultaneously to both parties.

RETIATION

Retaliation against any person who makes a report or complaint or assists, participates, or refuses to participate in any investigation of an act alleged in this policy is prohibited.

Legal References

1. 34 CFR § 106.1
2. 34 CFR § 106.8(b)(c)
3. 34 CFR § 106.45(b)(1)(iii); 34 CFR § 106.45(b)(10)(D)
4. 34 CFR § 106.30(a)
5. 34 CFR § 106.8(a)
6. 20 USCA 1092(f)(6)(A)(v); TCA 36-3-601(10); TCA 71-6-302
7. 34 USCA 12291(a)(10)
8. 34 USCA 12291(a)(8); TCA 40-14-109
9. 34 USCA 12291(a)(30); TCA 39-17-315; TCA 36-3-601(11)
10. 34 CFR § 106.44(a)
11. 34 CFR § 106.44(c)
12. 34 CFR § 106.44(d)
13. TRR/MS 0520-02-03-09(2); TCA 49-5-417(c)
14. 34 CFR § 106.45(b)(2)
15. 34 CFR § 106.45(b)(3)
16. 34 CFR § 106.45(b)(5); 34 CFR § 106.45(b)(1)(v)
17. 34 CFR § 106.45(b)(1)(x)
18. 20 USCA § 1232g
19. 34 CFR § 106.45(b)(7)
20. 34 CFR § 106.45(b)(1)(iv)
21. 34 CFR § 106.45(b)(1)(vii)
22. 34 CFR § 106.45(b)(8)
23. 34 CFR § 106.71

Cross References

Section 504 and ADA Grievance Procedures 1.802
Discrimination/Harassment of Employees (Sexual, Racial, Ethnic, Religious) 5.500
Staff-Student Relations 5.610
Code of Conduct 6.300
Student Discrimination, Harassment, Bullying, Cyber-bullying, and Intimidation 6.304
Child Abuse and Neglect 6.409
In order to maintain a safe, civil, and supportive environment in school for students to learn and achieve high academic standards, acts of bullying, cyber-bullying, discrimination, harassment, intimidation, hazing, or any other victimization of students, based on any actual or perceived traits or characteristics, are prohibited.¹

This policy shall be disseminated annually to all school staff, students, and parent(s)/guardian(s).² This policy shall cover employees, employees' behaviors, students, and students' behaviors while on school property, at any school-sponsored activity, on school-provided equipment or transportation, or at any official school bus stop. If the act takes place off of school property or outside of a school-sponsored activity, this policy is in effect if the conduct is directed specifically at a student and has the effect of creating a hostile educational environment or otherwise creating a substantial disruption to the education environment or learning process.

The principal/designee is responsible for educating and training respective staff and students as to the definition and recognition of discrimination/harassment.³

The Director of Schools shall develop forms and procedures to ensure compliance with the requirements of this policy and state law.

**DEFINITIONS⁴**

“Bullying/Intimidation/Harassment” is an act that substantially interferes with a student’s educational benefits, opportunities, or performance, and the act has the effect of:

1. Physically harming a student or damaging a student’s property;
2. Knowingly placing a student in reasonable fear of physical harm to the student or damage to the student’s property;
3. Causing emotional distress to a student; or
4. Creating a hostile educational environment.

Bullying, intimidation, or harassment may also be unwelcome conduct based on a protected class (race, nationality, origin, color, sex, age, disability, religion) that is severe, pervasive, or persistent and creates a hostile environment.
“Cyber-bullying” is a form of bullying undertaken through the use of electronic devices. Electronic devices include, but are not limited to, telephones, cellular phones or other wireless telecommunication devices, text messaging, emails, social networking sites, instant messaging, videos, web sites, or fake profiles.

“Hazing” is an intentional or reckless act by a student or group of students that is directed against any other student(s) that endangers the mental or physical health or safety of the student(s) or that induces or coerces a student to endanger his/her mental or physical health or safety. Coaches and other employees of the school district shall not encourage, permit, condone, or tolerate hazing activities.\(^5\)

Hazing does not include customary athletic events or similar contests or competitions and is limited to those actions taken and situations created in connection with initiation into or affiliation with any organization.

**COMPLAINTS AND INVESTIGATIONS**

Any individual who has knowledge of behaviors that may constitute a violation of this policy shall promptly report such information to the principal/designee.\(^5\)

While reports may be made anonymously, an individual's need for confidentiality shall be balanced with obligations to cooperate with police investigations or legal proceedings, to provide due process to the accused, to conduct a thorough investigation, or to take necessary actions to resolve a complaint. The identity of parties and witnesses may be disclosed in appropriate circumstances to individuals with a need to know.

The principal/designee at each school shall be responsible for investigating and resolving complaints. Once a report is received, the principal/designee shall initiate an investigation within forty-eight (48) hours of receipt of the report. If an investigation is not initiated within forty-eight (48) hours, the principal/designee shall provide the Director of Schools with appropriate documentation detailing the reasons why the investigation was not initiated within the required timeframe. The principal/designee shall immediately notify the parent(s)/guardian(s) when a student is involved in an act of discrimination, harassment, intimidation, bullying, or cyber-bullying. The principal/designee shall provide information on district counseling and support services. Students involved in an act of discrimination, harassment, intimidation, bullying, or cyber-bullying shall be referred to the appropriate school counselor by the principal/designee when deemed necessary.\(^8\)

The principal/designee is responsible for determining whether an alleged act constitutes a violation of this policy, and such act shall be held to violate this policy when it meets one of the following conditions:

1. It places the student in reasonable fear or harm for the student’s person or property;

2. It has a substantially detrimental effect on the student’s physical or mental health;

3. It has the effect of substantially interfering with the student’s academic performance; or

4. It has the effect of substantially interfering with the student’s ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by a school.
Upon the determination of a violation, the principal/designee shall conduct a prompt, thorough, and complete investigation of each alleged incident. All investigations shall be completed and appropriate intervention taken within twenty (20) calendar days from the receipt of the initial report. If the investigation is not complete or intervention has not taken place within twenty (20) calendar days, the principal/designee shall provide the Director of Schools with appropriate documentation detailing the reasons why the investigation has not been completed or the appropriate intervention has not taken place. Within the parameters of the federal Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, a written report on the investigation will be delivered to all involved parties and the Director of Schools.

RESPONSE AND PREVENTION

The principal/designee shall consider the nature and circumstances of the incident, the age of the individual, the degree of harm, previous incidences or patterns of behavior, or any other factors, as appropriate, to properly respond to each situation.

A substantiated charge against an employee shall result in disciplinary action up to and including termination. The employee may appeal this decision by contacting the Federal Rights Coordinator.

A substantiated charge against a student may result in corrective or disciplinary action up to and including suspension. The student may appeal this decision in accordance with disciplinary policies and procedures.

REPORTS

When a complaint is filed alleging a violation of this policy where there is physical harm or the threat of physical harm to a student or a student's property, the principal/designee of each middle school, junior high school, or high school shall report the findings and any disciplinary actions taken to the Director of Schools and the Chair of the Board.

By July 1st of each year, the Director of Schools/designee shall prepare a report of all of the bullying cases brought to the attention of school officials during the prior academic year. The report shall also indicate how the cases were resolved and/or the reasons they are still pending. This report shall be presented to the Board at its regular July meeting, and it shall be submitted to the state department of education by August 1st.

RETRALIATION AND FALSE ACCUSATIONS

Retaliation against any person who reports or assists in any investigation of an act alleged in this policy is prohibited. The consequences and appropriate remedial action for a person who engages in retaliation shall be determined by the principal/designee after consideration of the nature, severity, and circumstances of the act.

False accusations accusing another person of having committed an act prohibited under this policy are prohibited. The consequences and appropriate remedial action for a person found to have falsely accused another may range from positive behavioral interventions up to and including expulsion.
Legal References

1. TCA 49-6-4503(a), (b)(3)
2. TCA 49-6-4503(b)(11)
3. TCA 49-6-4503(b)(12)
4. TCA 49-5-503(b)(2), (13)
5. TCA 49-2-120
6. TCA 49-6-4503(b)(5)
7. TCA 49-5-4503(b)(6)
8. TCA 49-6-4503(b)(14)
9. 20 USCA § 1232g
10. TCA 49-6-4503(b)(4), (7)-(8)
11. TCA 49-6-4503(d)(3)
12. TCA 49-6-4503(e)(2)(B)
13. TCA 49-6-4503(b)(9)
14. TCA 49-6-4503(b)(10)
15. 20 USCA §§ 1681 to 1686

Cross References

- Appeals to and Appearances Before the Board 1.404
- Section 504 and ADA Grievance Procedures 1.802
- Staff-Student Relations 5.610
- Student Goals 6.100
- Title IX & Sexual Harassment 6.3041
- Student Complaints and Grievances 6.305
- Code of Conduct 6.300
- Child Abuse and Neglect 6.409
- Student Suicide Prevention 6.415
General

The Director of Schools shall:\(^1\)

1. Designate one employee as the Child Abuse Coordinator (Dr. Jason Horne) and an additional employee to serve as the Alternate Child Abuse Coordinator (Lori Adkins) for each school;

2. Require that the Coordinator and the Alternate receive appropriate training;

3. Supply the Coordinator with all necessary resources;

4. Ensure that all school personnel annually complete the child abuse training program required by state law.\(^2\)

The Coordinator shall assist any employee with appropriately reporting and responding to instances of child abuse or child sexual abuse.

REPORTING

All personnel shall be alert for any evidence of child abuse, sexual abuse, or neglect.\(^3\) If personnel know or have reasonable cause to suspect child abuse, sexual abuse, or neglect, a report shall be filed immediately with the Coordinator, the Department of Children's Services (DCS), and law enforcement.\(^4\)

The report shall include, to the extent known by the reporter:\(^5\)

1. The name, address, telephone number, and age of the child;

2. The name, telephone number, and address of the parents or persons having custody of the child;

3. The nature and extent of the abuse or neglect; and

4. Any evidence to the cause or any other information that may relate to the cause or extent of the abuse or neglect.

The Director of Schools/designee shall develop reporting procedures, including sample indicators of abuse and neglect, and shall disseminate the procedures to all school personnel.
CONFIDENTIALITY

District employees shall keep all information regarding any child abuse confidential in accordance with state law.

INVESTIGATIONS

School administrators and employees have a duty to cooperate, provide assistance, and information in child abuse investigations including permitting DCS teams to conduct interviews while the child is at school. The principal may control the time, place, and circumstances of the interview but may not insist that a school employee be present even if the suspected abuser is a school employee or another student. The principal is not in violation of any laws by failing to inform parent(s)/guardian(s) that the child is to be interviewed even if the suspected abuser is not a member of the child's household.

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Legal References

2. TCA 37-1-408
3. TCA 37-1-403(a)(1); TCA 37-1-412; TCA 37-1-602; TCA 37-1-605(a)(4)
5. TCA 37-1-403(b)
6. TCA 37-1-611(b)

Cross References

Recommendations and File Transfers 5.203
Staff-Student Relations 5.610
Interrogations and Searches 6.303
Student Discrimination, Harassment, Bullying, Cyberbullying, and Intimidation 6.304
Title IX & Sexual Harassment 6.3041
In order to ensure a safe and secure learning environment, the following offenses shall not be tolerated:

1. Bringing to school or being in unauthorized possession of a firearm on school property;

2. Unlawful possession of any drug, including any controlled substance, controlled substance analogue, or legend drug on school grounds or at a school-sponsored event;

3. Aggravated assault; or

4. Assault that results in bodily injury upon any teacher, principal, administrator, any other employee of the school, or school resource officer.

5. Transmitting by electronic device or any written communication containing a credible threat to cause bodily injury or death to another student or school employee and the transmission of such threat creates actual disruptive activity at the school that requires administrative intervention.

Committing any of these offenses shall result in a student being expelled from the regular school program for at least one (1) calendar year unless modified by the Director of Schools. Modification of the length of time shall be granted on a case-by-case basis. Students that commit zero tolerance offenses may be assigned to an alternative school or program at the discretion of the Director of Schools.

When it is determined that a student has violated this policy, the principal shall notify the student’s parent(s)/guardian(s) and the criminal justice or juvenile delinquency system as required by law.

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Legal References
1. TCA 49-6-3401(g)
2. 18 USCA § 921(a)(3); 20 USCA § 7961
3. TCA 39-17-454; TCA 53-10-101
4. TCA 39-13-102
5. TCA 39-13-101(a)(1)

Cross References
- Code of Conduct 6.300
- Drug-Free Schools 6.307
- Suspension 6.316
- Student Disciplinary Hearing Authority 6.317
- Alternative Education 6.319
6. TCA 49-6-3401(g)(2), TCA 49-6-3402; Public Acts of 2020, Chapter No. 603.
7. TCA 49-6-4209; TCA 39-17-1312; 20 USCA § 7961(b)(1)
The Board shall operate an alternative school and/or program for students in grades seven through twelve (7-12) who have been suspended or expelled from the regular school program.

[If the district maintains both an alternative school and program, adopt both definitions. If your district only has one option, choose the appropriate definition.] Alternative School

An alternative school is a short-term intervention program designed to provide educational services outside the regular school program for students who have been suspended or expelled. The alternative school is located in a separate facility from the regular school program.

An alternative program is a short-term intervention program designed to provide educational services outside the regular school program for students who have been suspended or expelled. Alternative programs may be located within the regular school or be a self-contained program within a school.

The alternative school and/or program shall be operated in accordance with state laws and the rules of the State Board of Education, and instruction shall proceed as nearly as practicable in accordance with the instructional program at the student’s regular school. The Director of Schools shall develop procedures that provide appropriate educational opportunities for all students assigned to the alternative school or program. These educational opportunities shall adhere to Tennessee’s academic standards.

ASSIGNMENT

Students who have been suspended for more than ten (10) days or expelled shall be assigned to the alternative school or program if there is staff and space available. Availability of staff and space shall be determined at the time the disciplinary decision is rendered. The Director of Schools/designee shall make this determination by evaluating factors including, but not limited to, the following:

1. Level of supervision available;
2. Safety considerations; and
3. Type of infraction.

Students who have committed zero tolerance offenses are not required to be assigned to alternative schools or programs.
Prior to the assignment of the student to the alternative school or program, the Director of Schools/designee shall provide written notice to the student's parent/guardian stating the reason for the student's placement.5

Placement in an alternative education setting shall be reserved for students who significantly disrupt the educational process. If a student has an active Individualized Education Plan, a 504 plan, or is suspected of having a disability, all state and federal laws and rules and regulations related to special education shall be followed. The Director of Schools/designee shall develop procedures regarding placement of students in the program, taking into consideration the impact of exclusionary discipline practices.6

The Director of Schools/designee shall monitor and regularly evaluate the academic progress of each student enrolled in the alternative school.

REMOVAL7

A student may be removed from the alternative school or program if:

1. He/she violates the rules of the alternative school or program; or

2. He/she is not benefitting from the assignment and all interventions have been exhausted unsuccessfully.

ADDITIONAL OFFENSES8

Any new disciplinary offense committed during a student's original suspension or expulsion period shall be treated as a new and separate offense. These offenses shall not constitute an extension of the original suspension or expulsion.

TRANSITION PLAN9

The Director of Schools/designee shall develop procedures regarding the implementation of transition plans for the integration of students assigned to the alternative school.

Legal References

1. TCA 49-6-3402(a); Public Acts of 2020, Chapter No. 603; TRR/MS 0520-01-02-09.9
2. TRR/MS 0520-01-02-09.9(a)
4. Public Acts of 2020, Chapter No. 603; TRR/MS 0520-01-02-09.9(a)
5. TRR/MS 0520-01-02-09.9(i)
6. TRR/MS 0520-01-02-09.9(h)
7. Public Acts of 2020, Chapter No. 603
8. TRR/MS 0520-01-02-09.9(g)(2)
9. TRR/MS 0520-01-02-09(m)

Cross References

Special Education 4.202
Suspension 6.316
Student Disciplinary Hearing Authority 6.317
Special Education Students 6.500
Enrollment in College Level Courses

1 General

Students who successfully complete college level courses aligned to a graduation requirement course shall receive high school credit.¹

4 These courses may be offered at the high school,² postsecondary institution, or online. If not offered on the high school campus, the Board shall not be responsible for transportation. Any tuition or fees due to enrollment in college level courses are the responsibility of the parent(s)/guardian(s).

7 Grades earned in such college level courses shall be used to determine class rank, grade point average, and class valedictorian or salutatorian.

9 DUAL ENROLLMENT

Students may earn credit by enrolling in a postsecondary institution and taking college level courses. Students who take and pass dual enrollment courses at a postsecondary institution shall have their postsecondary credits accepted for high school credit as a substitution for an aligned graduation requirement course.³

Legal References

1. TRR/MS 0520-01-03-03(8)
2. TRR/MS 0520-01-03-03(8)(b)
3. TRR/MS 0520-01-03-03(8)(a)